2024 Ag Challenge of Champions Written Test

1. A visual evaluation of the amount of muscle on a hog is best seen by looking at which view of the hog?

Multiple Choice: (On the back of the scan sheet, bubble in the correct answer in the "Written Exam A" section of the scan sheet)

2. A beef carcass with slightly abundant marbling with a maturity level A will be what grade?

3. Diseases present in the animal's body at levels too low to cause visible effects are:

Agricultural/Livestock Industry

a. sideb. rearc. frontd. top

a. primeb. choicec. selectd. cutter

	b.	subtherapeutic chemobiotics
	C.	probiosis subclinical
	u.	Subclinical
4.	The most intensive form of inbreeding is called?	
		purebreeding closebreeding linebreeding outcrossing
5.	Lamb	prices vary throughout the year and usually reach a high during which time?
	b. C.	December to February March to May June to August September to November
6.	The la	argest compartment of the ruminant stomach for a mature grazing cow is called the:
	C.	reticulum rumen abomasum omasum
7.	Admii	nistering a medicinal agent to livestock that requires placement directly into a vein is called:
	b.	intravenous intramuscular subcutaneous intrarumen

b. C.	marbling finish carcass merit fleshing		
9. EPD s	stands for:		
b. c.	Extra Production Difference Express Package Delivery Expected Progeny Difference Expected Product Differential		
10. Which	10. Which livestock product has the highest consumption rate in the United States?		
b. c.	lamb goat pork beef		
11. Which	nutrient is most essential to livestock survival?		
b. c.	protein carbohydrates vitamins/minerals water		
12. The te	erm used for a castrated male lamb is?		
b. c. d.	steer boar wether barrow		
13. Which	is considered a primal cut of pork?		
C.	loin rack round breast/plate		
14. What	organ in the female reproductive tract produces the eggs?		
b. C.	cervix ovaries uterus vulva		
15. Which	15. Which of the following species is a "seasonal breeder"?		
b. c.	sheep cattle hogs rabbits		

8. The amount of fat cover on a market steer is referred to as:

	is a group of animals that are similar in a number of characteristics and have been raised e same management practices.
b. ma c. pe	entemporary group anagement group erformance group ogeny group
17. The gest	ation time for cattle is:
b. 14 c. 28	4 days 8 days 3 days 50 days
18. What is t	he single most important trait in market goats?
a. sty b. ca c. m i d. fin	pacity uscle
19. What is t	he term describing the incorrect jaw structure that is overshot the bottom jaw?
b. pa c. wa	onkey mouth arrot mouth alrus mouth ucan mouth
	nows the percent of carcass weight in boneless, closely trimmed retail cuts from the round, loin, chuck that have been closely trimmed of fat.
b. BC c. Yi	uality grade CTRC eld grade ressing percent
21. The pituit	tary gland releases hormones that affect all of the following except:
a. ble b. kic c. thy d. ute	yroid
22. Where ar	re most of the nutrients absorbed in the digestive system of a pig?
	nall intestine rge intestine

23. What	hormone can interfere with milk letdown when a cow becomes frightened or upset?		
а	prolactin		
	progesterone		
	adrenaline (epinephrine)		
d.	oxytocin		
24. Which	24. Which of the following is NOT a primal cut of lamb?		
a.	shoulder		
	breast		
	round		
a.	loin		
25. Which period	n government agency approves antibiotics for the use in livestock and sets the withdrawalds?		
	FSIS		
	FDA		
	USDA		
u.	AMS		
Farm Equip	<u>ment</u>		
26. The d	liesel engine was originally designed to operate on:		
	peanut and vegetable oil		
	diesel fuel		
	gasoline transmission fluid		
27. What	is the correct order of the strokes in a four-stroke diesel engine?		
a.	intake, combustion, power, exhaust		
	intake, compression, spark, exhaust		
	intake, compression, power, exhaust		
d.	exhaust, intake, power, compression		
28. A dies	sel engine uses to ignite diesel fuel.		
a.	spark plug		
b.	hot compressed air		
	cylindrical force		
d.	a low compression ratio		
	temperatures drop, engines need lighter weight oil to combat issues with viscosity. Which of the ring oil types would be most desirable during a Kansas winter?		
a.	SAE 15W-40		
	SAE 140		
	SAE 10W-30		
d.	SAE 40		

- 30. What is the purpose of a thermostat in a warm liquid-cooled engine?
 - a. mix water and antifreeze together
 - b. control exhaust pressure
 - c. prevent coolant from circulating
 - d. allow coolant to circulate
- 31. What does the picture to the right represent?
 - a. safety alert sign
 - b. slow moving vehicle sign
 - c. service alert sign
 - d. tire pressure alert sign



- 32. Part of the tractor transmission system provided with the standard externally splined shaft at the rear end of the tractor used to attach a baler, mower, post hole diggers, etc.
 - a. PTO
 - b. clutch
 - c. differential gear
 - d. rear axle
- 33. Minimum tillage wherein primary tillage is completely avoided and secondary tillage is restricted to seedbed preparation in the row zone only is referred to as:
 - a. reduced tillage
 - b. mulch tillage
 - c. intensive tillage
 - d. zero tillage
- 34. The heart of a seed sowing machine is a:
 - a. seed box
 - b. seed metering mechanism
 - c. seed tube
 - d. all of the above
- 35. The device for engaging and disengaging the power shaft from the gearbox is known as:
 - a. shaft
 - b. gear
 - c. clutch
 - d. circuit
- 36. Threshing in a combine causes more seed damage if:
 - a. speed is increased
 - b. clearance is increased
 - c. feed rate is reduced
 - d. speed is reduced

37. Weight transfer in a tractor for a tractor implement system is caused by:		
a.	application of pull	
b.	tractor force	
C.	tractor slip	
d.	weight of operator	

- 38. Notched disc blades on disc harrows are provided to:
 - a. enhance penetration
 - b. improve balancing of gangs
 - c. save on steel
 - d. reduce draft
- 39. A flat fan nozzle is suitable for:
 - a. foliage spray
 - b. insect control
 - c. spot spray
 - d. herbicide spray
- 40. Differential lock in a tractor is used to improve:
 - a. lateral stability
 - b. braking performance
 - c. hydraulic lift
 - d. traction of a wheel
- 41. The use of a pressurized radiator cap is to:
 - a. reduce evaporation loss
 - b. increase engine operating temperature
 - c. increase boiling point of water
 - d. reduce heat losses
- 42. Choke in an internal combustion engine is used to control:
 - a. camshaft speed
 - b. specific fuel consumption
 - c. air fuel mixture
 - d. crankshaft speed
- 43. The penetration of a tandem disc harrow can be increased by:
 - a. increasing tilt angle
 - b. increasing disc angle
 - c. increasing disc diameter
 - d. all of the above
- 44. In a combine harvester, by increasing the speed of the threshing cylinder:
 - a. threshing efficiency can be increased
 - b. broken grain loss can be minimized
 - c. un-threshed grain can be increased
 - d. straw breakup can be increased

- 45. In a sprayer, overlapping can be increased by increasing: a. nozzle diameter b. pressure c. discharge d. height of nozzle
 - 46. Correcting the seed rate during planting is known as:
 - a. standardization
 - b. filtration
 - c. calibration
 - d. testing
 - 47. On a tractor, pressure should be less in rear wheels as compared to front wheels because of:
 - a. high traction
 - b. low draft
 - c. high draft
 - d. none of the above
 - 48. On a tractor, pressure should be high in front wheels of the tractor because of:
 - a. high slippage
 - b. low slippage
 - c. high traction
 - d. easy steer ability
 - 49. While increasing the forward speed of the combine harvester, speed of reel should be:
 - a. increased in same ratio
 - b. decreased in same ratio
 - c. no changes
 - d. doubled
 - 50. Engines produce dark black smoke due to:
 - a. burning of oil
 - b. incomplete combustion
 - c. moisture in fuel
 - d. none of the above

Farm Management

- 51. Farmer Brown raises corn and feeds it to his hogs. This type of business structure is an example of:
 - a. vertical integration
 - b. horizontal integration
 - c. a supply company
 - d. a marketing cooperative

- 52. If the price of a commodity is too low, the demand will be greater than the supply resulting in a:
 - a. surplus
 - b. boycott
 - c. monopoly
 - d. shortage
- 53. Corn and grain sorghum are substitutes for each other in many livestock feed rations. Assuming they are substitutes, a decrease in the supply of corn would cause the demand for grain sorghum to:
 - a. shift to the left
 - b. shift to the right
 - c. decrease
 - d. remain unchanged
- 54. When the size of the soybean harvest exceeds locally available farm and elevator storage, what happens to the basis?
 - a. basis narrows
 - b. basis widens
 - c. basis goes out of existence
 - d. basis is usually the same all year
- 55. The money you must deposit with a broker to insure performance in order to trade in the futures market is called:
 - a. basis
 - b. margin
 - c. commission
 - d. spread
- 56. In the event a business is forced to liquidate, which of the following would have first claim on the process?
 - a. mortgage
 - b. accounts payable
 - c. holders of common stock
 - d. unsecured creditors
- 57. Corn has an expected yield of 110 bushels per acre and has a production cost of \$140.00 per acre. Expected harvest prices are \$2.00 per bushel for corn and \$5.00 per bushel for soybeans. Soybeans can be raised at a production cost of \$100 per acre. At what breakeven yield per acre would soybeans generate the same net return per acre as dryland corn?
 - a. 33.7 bushels
 - b. 36.0 bushels
 - c. 44.0 bushels
 - d. 50.4 bushels
- 58. In order for limited partners to maintain their limited liability, they can NOT:
 - a. share in the profits of the limited partnership
 - b. own more than one-third of the limited partnership
 - c. participate in the management of the limited partnership
 - d. own more than 49.95 of the limited partnership

- 59. You are considering the purchase of a combine, rather than continuing to hire a custom operator at \$22.00 per acre. If you purchase the machine, the annual fixed costs (interest, depreciation, etc.) will be \$20,000. The variable cost is \$12.00 per acre including the extra labor. There would be no other changes in costs and returns association with ownership and no savings other than the custom charges. How many acres must be harvested each year in order to justify (on a breakeven basis) purchasing the combine?
 - a. 833.33
 - b. 1,000
 - c. 1,200
 - d. 2,000
- 60. A written agreement by which an owner of property transfers title to someone for the benefit of beneficiaries is a:
 - a. trust
 - b. partnership
 - c. corporation
 - d. sole proprietorship
- 61. The big advantage of renting a major asset as compared to purchasing is that renting:
 - a. reduces your income tax
 - b. increases your depreciation
 - c. releases capital for other uses
 - d. improves output per worker
- 62. The cost of producing one additional unit of output is called:
 - a. opportunity cost
 - b. substitution cost
 - c. average cost
 - d. marginal cost
- 63. If you buy a 35-pound feeder pig for \$0.90 per pound and sell the same animal at 265 pounds for \$0.45 per pound, your breakeven cost of production per pound is:
 - a. \$0.305
 - b. \$0.309
 - c. \$0.362
 - d. \$0.382
- 64. A highly leveraged business:
 - a. is less susceptible to business risk
 - b. uses very little borrowed money
 - c. is very susceptible to financial risk
 - d. is one located at the edge of an earthquake zone
- 65. A contract that gives the holder the right, but NOT the obligation, to sell at a specified price is a:
 - a. futures contract
 - b. put option
 - c. call option
 - d. forward contract

- 66. The specified price at which the option purchaser may buy or sell the commodity is the: a. strike price
 - b. call price c. put price

 - d. option price
- 67. A farmer has \$150,000 of principal remaining on a mortgage at the end of this fiscal year. The annual principal payment is \$15,000. Accrued interest at the end of the year amounts to \$8,500. The yearend balance sheet will show:
 - a. non-current liabilities of \$158,500
 - b. current liabilities of \$158,500
 - c. non-current liabilities of \$150,000 and current liabilities of \$8,500
 - d. non-current liabilities of \$135,000 and current liabilities of \$23,500
- 68. A producer sells 21 feeder steers for \$85/cwt. The average weight per steer is 538 pounds. There is a 2.5% sales commission and yardage fees of \$2.30 per head. The net amount received for the pen of steers would be:
 - a. \$443.57
 - b. \$9,314.92
 - c. \$9,316.12
 - d. \$9,555.00
- 69. A feedlot operator buys feeder steers, finishes them, and sells them. The operator estimates that finished steers will sell for \$66 per cwt. and that will cost \$185 per head to bring them from the 750pound purchase weight to the 1100-pound selling weight. What is the breakeven price the operator can pay for the 750-pound feeder steers?
 - a. \$72.13/cwt.
 - b. \$73.85/cwt.
 - c. \$78.15/cwt.
 - d. \$93.08/cwt.
- 70. A soybean producer decides to store his soybeans in the local elevator for four months. The price at harvest is \$5.25 per bushel and elevator charges \$0.02 per bushel per month for storage plus a \$0.05 per bushel handling charge. He has 5,000 bushels to sell and must borrow \$26.000 at 9% annual interest while he store the soybeans. What price must he receive for his soybeans to break even and cover his storage and opportunity costs?
 - a. \$5.54
 - b. \$5.49
 - c. \$5.48
 - d. \$5.45
- 71. A grain farmer who normally stores his soybeans at a local elevator has decided to use the options market to create a synthetic storage. To do so he will sell his beans at harvest and:
 - a. buy a put option'
 - b. sell a put option
 - c. buy a call option
 - d. sell a call option

- 72. A farmer purchases 525-pound feeder steers for \$0.82 per pound and plans to sell the steers at 750 pounds. The farmer estimates the total cost of gain to be \$0.60 per pound. The nearest breakeven price when the steers are sold at 750 pounds is:
 - a. \$0.6900/pound
 - b. \$0.6918/pound
 - c. \$0.7271/pound
 - d. \$0.7540/pound
- 73. A farmer is purchasing a new baler at a cost of \$24,000. His dealer will finance the baler under the following terms: 20% down payment with the balance repaid in equal payments over the next five years at 9% APR. The farmer expects the baler to last for 10 years and have a salvage value of \$4,000. How much interest will the farmer pay the first year of the loan?
 - a. \$1,728
 - b. \$1,944
 - c. \$2,160
 - d. \$2,400
- 74. A farmer has a debt:worth ratio of 2:1. The current liabilities total \$50,000 and the non-current liabilities total \$110,000. What is the value of the assets?
 - a. \$80,000
 - b. \$160,000
 - c. \$210,000
 - d. \$240,000
- 75. A feedlot operator purchases a pen of 125 feeder steers with an average weight of 788 pounds and sells them at an average weight of 1,041 pounds. Total feed cost for the pen is \$16,420. Feed cost per pound of gain is equal to:
 - a. \$0.440
 - b. \$0.519
 - c. \$0.649
 - d. \$0.720

General Agriculture

- 76. Who is the current U.S. Secretary of Agriculture?
 - a. Mike Beam
 - b. Jackie McClaskey
 - c. Sonny Perdue
 - d. Tom Vilsack
- 77. The Kansas Department of Agriculture is located in?
 - a. Hays
 - b. Manhattan
 - c. Salina
 - d. Topeka

78. Who is the current Kansas Secretary of Agriculture?		
a. Mike Beamb. Jackie McClaskeyc. Sonny Perdued. Tom Vilsack		
79. The average age of a Kansas farmer is:		
 a. 38 years old b. 48 years old c. 58 years old d. 68 years old 		
80. What is the approximate % of the state's land that is under agricultural production?		
a. 68% b. 78% c. 88% d. 98%		
81. What is the average size of a Kansas farm?		
a. 481 acresb. 581 acresc. 681 acresd. 781 acres		
82. Which of the following is NOT one of the top five agricultural products grown or raised in Kansas?		
 a. cattle & calves b. cotton c. soybeans d. wheat 		
83. The location of the animal health corridor is defined as setting between what two areas?		
 a. Hays, Kansas and Denver, Colorado b. Kansas City, Kansas and St. Louis, Missouri c. Manhattan, Kansas and Columbia, Missouri d. There is no such location as the animal health corridor. 		
84. Kansas ranks where among other states in sorghum production?		
 a. 1st b. 2nd c. 3rd d. 4th 		
85. Kansas ranks where among other states in sorghum for grain produced?		
 a. 1st b. 2nd c. 3rd d. 4th 		

86. Kansas ranks where among other states in sorghum for silage produced?		
a. 1^{st} b. 2^{nd} c. 3^{rd} d. 4^{th}		
87. Kansas ranks where among other states in winter wheat produced?		
 a. 1st b. 2nd c. 3rd d. 4th 		
88. According to the 2022 Census of Agriculture, Reno County ranks in total market value of agricultural products sold.		
a. 1 st b. 7 th c. 12 th d. 20 th		
89. According to the 2022 Census of Agriculture, which crop represents the most acres in Reno County?		
a. cornb. sorghumc. soybeansd. wheat		
90. According to the 2022 Census of Agriculture, which species of livestock represents the most inventory in Reno County?		
 a. cattle & calves b. chickens (broilers & layers) c. hogs & pigs d. sheep & lambs 		
91. What percentage of Kansas farms and ranches are family-owned?		
a. 63%b. 73%c. 83%d. 93%		
92. Which state is ranked highest in total cropland acres and acres planted to principal crops?		
 a. Arkansas b. Kansas c. Nebraska d. Wyoming 		

93. As a state, where does Kansas ra	nk in value of total agricultural production?
 a. 1st b. 7th c. 12th d. 20th 	
94. Which of the following countries a	re NOT in the top ten export markets for Kansas?
a. Canadab. Francec. Mexicod. Vietnam	
95. Which commodity represents the	nighest percentage of Kansas agricultural exports?
a. cropsb. dairy products, eggs & honc. livestock & animal productsd. value-added ag products	
96. Which state is the nation's leader in agricultural exports?	
a. Californiab. Kansasc. Oklahomad. Texas	
97. Agriculture and related industries	provide jobs for approximately of the total U.S. workforce?
a. 9%b. 19%c. 29%d. 39%	
98. In the U.S., makes up the h	nighest amount of cash receipts for farming totaling \$92.09 billion.
a. dairy productsb. feed cropsc. meat animalsd. oil crops	
99. Today, each farmer produces food and fiber for approximately people annually in the United States and abroad.	
 a. 158 b. 168 c. 178 d. 188 	
100. Which U.S. President established the USDA?	
a. Abraham Lincolnb. George Washingtonc. Theodore Rooseveltd. Thomas Jefferson	